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NeTEx - CEN PT Standards context

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Standards and categories

NeTEx

Real-time PT data (passing times, incidents, occupancy, facility status, etc.)	ntrol Usage data (O/D, traveling reasons, offer- demand)	Real-time freight data (dept-delivery, vehicle position, measurements)	Ticketing data (validation, etc.)	Road traffic	Road traffic control	Car pooling offers	Avai sha (c ve	lability in Po ring and Bik wailable spa chicles when	arking, Car se sharing aces and shared)
PT Scheduled information (timetables, vehicles, e	PT S Fare etc.) offer	cheduled freig (services, road access times, etc	;ht Freigl :. <i>)</i>	nt Pari ana S fai	king toll res	axi res co	ar oling osts	Car sharing fares	Bike sharing fares
Stops (stops, stairs, lifts, shops, videos, etc.) (PT Network description <i>(lines, routes, etc.)</i>	Freight places (loading, measurement, etc.)	Freight network (covered areas, freight lines, managed goods, limitations, ADR rules, etc.)			Parking, park-and-ride, Car stopping places		Car sharing station	Bike sharing station
Transport infrastructure (roads, rails, etc.)		Topography		Pc	Point of interest		Car pooling areas sta		Taxi stand





Data categories in mobility

But there are a lot of additional, more transverse categories :

- Equipment (see figure)
- Accessibility
- Roles and Responsibilities
- Data Frames
- Versioning
- Etc.

or more detailed ones, for example in **PT Schedule information** you will have :

- Network topology (lines, etc.)
- Timetables (services, calendars, passing times, etc.)
- Operational information (run times, blocks, vehicles, etc.)
- Etc.







Public Transport related business cases

- Multiple and often complex buisiness cases
- Each system or tool has a specific (and partial) point of view



PT Standard dependencies and relations





Transmodel ecosystem





Transmodel content





Transmodel content associated with exchange standard NeTEx





NeTEx

<u>Name</u>: NeTEx

Reference : CEN TS 16614-1, 16614-2 and 16614-3

Status : Part 1 : Common concepts and Network Description

- Part 2 : Timing information
- Part 3 : Fare Information
- Part 4 : EPIP EU Passenger information profile
- Part 5 : New Modes (under TC review)
- Part 6 : EU Accessibility Profile (under development)

Conceptual model :	no (based on Transmodel, aligned with Transmodel 6)
Exchange format :	yes
Data category :	Scheduled data for mobility
	(operational and passenger information data)
Temporal scope :	Scheduled data, and static data

<u>Main scope</u>: Network description, timetables and fares. <u>Example of covered objects</u>: Stop Place, Timing point, Equipment, Facilities, Line, Route, Fare product, Access rights, Accessibility, etc. Web site http://netex-cen.eu

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NeTEx is a data exchange formats (possible use via an API)

```
<!-- Frame NETEX ARRÊT-->
<GeneralFrame version="001" id="AURIGE:TypeOfFrame:NETEX ARRET-Le-Corbusier:LOC">
      <Name>Frame NETEX ARRET Le Corbusier</Name>
      <Description>Frame NETEX ARRET pour l'exemple d'arrêt Le Corbusier</Description>
      <TypeOfFrameRef ref="FR:TypeOfFrame:NETEX ARRET">version="1.01:FR-NETEX ARRET-1.0"</TypeOfFrameRef>
      <members modificationSet="all">
             <!-->
             <!-- LIEU D'ARRET MONOMODAL Jules Michelet -->
            <stopPlace version="001" id="FR:78197:stopPlace:00004:LOC">
                   <!-- le "LOC" sera supprimé si l'on dispose d'un référentiel d'arrêt partagé -->
                   <Name>Jules Michelet</Name>
                   <Description>Lieu d'arrêt monomodal Jules Michelet</Description>
                   <Centroid>
                          <Location id="AURIGE:Location:00011:LOC">
                                <Longitude>2.071341</Longitude>
                                <Latitude>48.766715</Latitude>
                         </Location>
                   </Centroid>
                   <placeTypes>
                          <TypeOfPlaceRef ref="monomodalStopPlace"/>
                   </placeTypes>
                   <RoadAddress version="any" id="AURIGE:RoadAddress:address11:LOC">
                          <RoadName>Rue Le Corbusier</RoadName>
                   </RoadAddress>
                   <Landmark>Face à l'école maternelle Jeanne Moreau</Landmark>
                   <TopographicPlaceRef ref="INSEE:TopographicPlace:78297"/>
                   <OrganisationRef version="001" ref="AURIGE:Operator:768:LOC"/>
                   <!-- Fait partie du Pôle Monomodal Le Corbusier -->
                   <ParentSiteRef version="001" ref="FR:78197:StopPlace:00001:LOC"/>
                   <TransportMode>bus</TransportMode>
                   <StopPlaceType>onstreetBus</StopPlaceType>
                   <quays>
                          <QuayRef ref="AURIGE:Quay:008:LOC" version="001"/>
                          <QuayRef ref="AURIGE:Quay:008:LOC" version="001"/>
                   </quays>
             </stopPlace>
            <Quay version="001" id="AURIGE:Quay:008:LOC">
                   <Name>Jules Michelet</Name>
```





Transmodel and NeTEx's modes







NeTEx: use cases examples *CEN TS 16614-1 to 5 Scheduled data exchange*



Open data feed (often as an ehanced complement to GTFS)

AVMS feed

Exchange for co-operated network

Late schedule update (on a specific day) dissemination

Ticketing system feed





Profiles



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Profiles: why ?

Standards are by their nature, **consensus documents**, taking into account a wide range of requirement

Standards may contain some redundant features in order to take into account some alternate **national specific** ways of working with PT.

The scope of a standard most often goes **much further than** the one of **a single use case**

Standards' documents are often quite large and detailed (also due to the expected detail level and prescribed editorial rules)

Standards contains a lot of **non mandatory features** (services, attributes, processes, etc.)

Specific local rules (coding, local processes, etc.) are not described in standards

• For example, reference to NaPTAN (national Stop reference database) in UK







Profiles: why ?

As a summary

A profile

- facilitates the implementation of a standard
- improves interoperability

by

- focusing only on what is needed
- filling the small gaps voluntarily left by the standard
- taking into account the **local context**.



Profiles: what ?

The profile contains information such as:

- Details of used services
- Details of the objects used in an exchange
- Details on the options proposed by the standard
- Details on optional elements
- Precision on the codifications to be used
- ...

To define a profile, you need to:

- Define/identify use cases and requirements
- Identify local constraints (processes, coding rules, reference data, etc.)
- Select in the standard what is necessary or useful to fulfil the two above
- Complement the standard with some specific (but standard compliant) local rules

From a practical point of view, profiles can be seen as an implementation guideline for a certain standard.







Support and resources (tools, etc.)

https://data4pt-project.eu/

http://netex-cen.eu/

https://github.com/NeTEx-CEN/NeTEx

https://data4pt.org/wiki/NeTEX

http://www.normes-donnees-tc.org/format-dechange/donnees-theoriques/netex/ (in French)

http://www.transmodel-cen.eu/

http://siri-cen.eu/

National NeTEx Profiles

http://www.normes-donnees-tc.org/profils/

https://transportdatamanagement.ch/content/uploads/2020/11/NeTEx_Core-Realisation_Guide_TP_Suisse-v0.8.8.4.pdf

https://enturas.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/PUBLIC/pages/728891481/Nordic%2BNeTEx%2BProfile

https://www.vdv.de/vdv-462-netex-recommendation-v00-22-english.pdfx

http://netex.uk/farexchange/doc/uk_profile/DfT-NeTEx-3-Fares_Spec-2019.06.17-v0.17.pdf

https://bison.dova.nu/standaarden/nederlands-netex-profiel

https://data4pt.org/NeTEx/GraphicKit/XSD_reduced.zip (XSD reduced to EPIP scope)

Tools

https://github.com/entur/

https://github.com/enroute-mobi/ (https://enroute.mobi/chouette/)

https://github.com/skinkie/hastus

http://docs.opentripplanner.org/en/dev-2.x/Netex-Norway/

https://github.com/CanalTP/transit_model/tree/master/gtfs2netexfr

https://mobilitx.diginext.fr/ 22/06/2021 https://www.lumiplan.com/produit/mobiref/





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